	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
NOTES:-					I			
BEFORE USE REA	D INSTALLATION SHE	ET G005-19 FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS.						
		T						
-		ļ	J1:1 J2:1	J4:1 J3:1 💽 💽				
		- 22.5	● ● J1:2 J2:2 ● ● J1:3 J2:3	J4:2 J3:2 ● ● J4:3 J3:3 ● ●				
		•						
				25				
_	_		,	22				
	1		POSITEK	0	J4			
			Chaltenbar	n, GL54 4LB, UK /ANIC ISOLATION		14:3 0/F 14:1 8/F 14:1 8		
	ĥ		G005 GALV		ეკი ეკი		J1	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C				, 1	
	_		Umax. = 30Vdc	ia Ga] IIC [AEx ia Ga] IIC ia Da] IIIC [AEx ia Da] IIIC ssociated Apparatus for supply to	4			
+			Uo / Voc = 10.66V CI I Io/ Isc = 50.5mA CI I	, Div 1, Gr A, B, C, D; C I			F	
			Po / Pout = 121mW CH Group IIC IIB Co / Ca = 2.23 µF 15.6	II, Div 1;	1	×	R	
			Corca = 2.23 µ⊢ 15.5 Lo/La = 14 mH 53 m Co	рн озларн Н 112 mH с	1	×33		
				3			B.	
				0	0	J2:22 J1:32 J1:12 J1:12	0	
	_		WARNING: Substituti impair intrinsic safety. See G	TED EQUIPMENT on of components may 305-19 installation instructions.		* * <u>e</u> ~ ~ ~		
_	-		AVERTISSEMENT: La s	ubstitution de composants curité intrinséque	0	• • • • • •		
	1	1-1	Made in UK	www.positek.com				
					0		0	

3

4

5

DRAWINGS NOT TO BE CHANGED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE CHANGE PROCEDURE. CHANGES TO PARTS USED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PRODUCT MUST BE APPROVED BY THE AUTHORISED PERSON. THIS IS AN UNCONTROLLED PRINT AND WILL NOT BE UPDATED.

А

В

С

D

Е

	THIS IS AN UNCONTROLLED FRINT AND WILL NOT BE UPDATED.					
	REV	CHANGE HISTO	RY	DR'WN	DATE	CHK'D
	D	RAN1362 APPROVALS UPDATE ETC		PDM	20/05/2024	PDM
F						
		1	2			

Positek	APPROVED BY	REV		X ±0.4 X.X ±0.2 X.XX ±0.1	
	DESCRIPTION			DIMS mm	
	POSITEK GALVANIC ISOLATION AMPLIFIER CSA APPROVAL				F
	SCALE 1:1	DRAWING NU	MBER		
	A3	G005	-11	Sheet 1 OF 1	
7			8		

6

A

В

С

D

E



G005 GALVANIC ISOLATION AMPLIFIER FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

- Certified [Ex ia Ga] IIC [AEx ia Ga]IIC [Ex ia Da] IIIC [Ex ia Da] IIIC
 IS Associated Apparatus for supply to Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G; Class III, Division 1;
- Super fast 4.7kHz (-3dB) bandwidth
- Wide power supply range
- Voltage and current output options
- Three or Five wire mode connection

The **G005** Galvanic Isolation Amplifier has been designed specifically for use with Positek[®] Intrinsically Safe position sensors in hazardous applications.

sensors in hazardous applications. Positek[®] IS sensors are ratiometric i.e. the output signal scales with the supply voltage, to ensure the safe area signal accurately corresponds with sensor displacement it is important that the sensor supply is correct.

The **G005** Galvanic Isolation Amplifier provides a regulated and resistively limited +5V dc power supply required by Positek[®] IS sensors, it can be connected in three or five wire modes. Used in five wire mode positive and negative sense inputs enable the **G005** to dynamically adjust the sensor supply thus ensuring the correct voltage across the sensor. Connected in this way the **G005** can compensate for 15 Ω conductor resistance. The sense terminals are linked internally so the end user can use the **G005** in three wire or five wire mode without the need to fit or remove external links.

The **G005** has an input power supply range of 12 to 30 volts dc, making it suitable for a wide range of hazardous area applications. It is tri-port isolated providing isolation between the amplifier power supply, the hazardous area and the **G005** output signal. The sensor supply and output are transformer coupled providing 2.5kV isolation between the safe and hazardous area circuits eliminating the requirement for a high-integrity earth. The output of the **G005** is factory configured to either

The output of the **G005** is factory configured to either 0.5 to 9.5V or 4-20mA and has a bandwidth of 4.7kHz, making it ideal for servo control loops.

Output options available;

	0.5 to 9.5V 9.5 to 0.5V
G005-425 4	4 to 20mA 20 to 4mA

Versions are also available for potentiometer inputs.

The screw terminal connector plugs are coded to eliminate cross connection.



Specification

 Power Supply
 (J4 pins 1 {0V} and 3 {+V})

 Voltage:
 24V dc Nom. 12V - 30V

 Current consumption (24v supply)
 approx. 50mA [Voltage O/P]

 approx. 70mA [Current O/P]
 (J1 pins 1,2,3 & J2 pins 1 & 2) **Input Circuit** Transformer isolated **Intrinsic Safety** [Ex ia Ga] IIC [AEx ia Ga] IIC, [Ex ia Da] IIIC [AEx ia Da] IIIC IS Associated Apparatus for supply to Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G; Class III, Division 1; Ta = -20°C ≤Ta ≤+60°C Tamb Safety Parameters Umax. 30Vdc, Imax. 200mA, Uo / Voc 10.66V, Io / Isc 50.5mA, Po / Pout 121mW Sensor supply: 5V @15mA max. Lead resistance compensation: 15Ω maximum (15mA) all connections >5MΩ Input resistance (J1 pin 3) (J3 pins 1 {O/P-} and 3 {O/P+}) 0.5 to 9.5V**Output Circuit** Voltage Output resistance 5Ω Current loop 4 to 20mA Load resistance 0 - 1kΩ Transfer Characteristics < ± 0.1% FS < 0.01% FS/°C for voltage outputs < 300µs for 10-90% step change < 200µs 10-90% of step change dc to 4.7kHz (-3dB) 2500V between safe area terminals 2500V between safe area terminals Non-linearity: Temperature drift: Settling time to 1% of span: Rise time: Bandwidth Isolation: and hazardous area terminals, 50V between power rail (J4) and output (J3) Electromagnetic Compatibility EN561236-2-1:2006 (EN31326-1:2006) Ambient temperature range:

Housing: Protection class: Mounting: Connector Conductor Size: Weight: -20° to 60°C working -40°C to +100°C storage 97.3 mm x 22.5 mm x 111.9 mm IP20 35x7 5 mm IEC/EN 60715 top-bat rail

35x7.5 mm IEC/EN 60715 top-hat rail 0.2 to 2.5mm² (26-12 AWG) 120g approx.





Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek[®] Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance[†] depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area[‡] and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

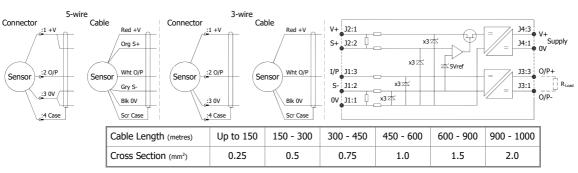
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to 15Ω per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm² cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek[®] recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm² cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a $\pm 1\%$ temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

Positek[®] sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-*** for `G' and `H' prefix sensors X005-*** for `E', `M' and `X' prefix sensors

 $\frac{1}{2}$ R = ρ L/A ρ is the resistivity of the conductor (Ω m) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m²).

^{*}It is presumed that **d**irect **c**urrent flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.





Installation Information G005 GALVANIC ISOLATION AMPLIFIER INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

CSA Certificate	number CSA 12.253405	55	[Ex ia Ga] IIC [AEx ia Ga] IIC, [Ex ia Da] IIIC [AEx ia Da] IIIC IS Associated Apparatus for supply to Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, G; Class III, Division 1;		
Base Part N° Module Supply Voltage: Modu		Module Supply Current: (Nom.)	Sensor Supply Voltage	Sensor Supply Current	Conductor Resistance Compensation
G005-	24V Nom. (12-30V)	50mA Voltage O/P 70mA Current O/P	5V nom.	15mA max.	15Ω five wire mode
Option Code Output Signal Calibration			Comments		
545	0.5 to 9.5V	Standard Output	For Positek Z000 coded sensors		
546	9.5 to 0.5V	Reverse Output			
425	4 to 20mA	Standard Output			
426	20 to 4mA	Reverse Output			
010	0.5 to 9.5V	Standard Output	For Positek sensors previously manufactured for use with BX002 i.e. Z010 Note: G005 does not have the same pin connections as BX002		
420	4 to 20mA	Standard Output	For Positek sensors previously manufactured for use with BX003 i.e. Z420 Note: G005 does not have the same pin connections as BX003		
001	0.5 to 9.5V	Standard Output	For Potentiometers		
002	9.5 to 0.5V	Reverse Output			
003	4 to 20mA	Standard Output			
004	20 to 4mA	Reverse Output			

Putting Into Service:

This module must only be installed, operated and maintained by competent and suitably trained personnel. The installation and maintenance must be carried out in accordance with all appropriate international, national and local standard codes of practice and site regulations for intrinsically safe apparatus. The use, installation, or maintenance of the module, in any other way than intended, may impair its operation or the protection it provides.

- This module **must not** be installed in a position where;
 - It may be exposed to excessive accumulation of dust. It may be attacked by aggressive substances.

 - It may be subjected to mechanical or thermal stresses in excess of those permitted in the certification

documentation. **Mechanical Mounting**

The module is designed to mounted on 35x7.5 mm IEC/EN 60715 top-hat rail. The module is designed for indoor use and should be mounted in a suitably rated enclosure in a designated safe area. It must not be installed in the hazardous area without the further provision of suitable certified hazardous area protection.

Environmental Conditions

Pollution degree: 2 Installation category: I Altitude: up to 2000m Humidity 80% to temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50% rH at 40 °C; /// max 80% rh, non condensing.

Safety parameters:-

(-20°C≤Ta+60°C)		
30Vdc		
200mA		
10.66V		
50.5mA		
121mW		
14mH 53	mH	112mH
	30Vdc 200mA 10.66V 50.5mA 121mW	30Vdc 200mA 10.66V 50.5mA 121mW



For further information please contact: www.positek.com sales@positek.com Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615 Positek, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB. U.K. P.T.O.



Installation Information G005 GALVANIC ISOLATION AMPLIFIER INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

Safety parameters:- continued

Grou	цр	IIC	IIB	IIA
Co / Ca	· =	2.23µF	15.6µF	69.0µF
or L/R Ratio	=	295μH/Ω	1178µH/Ω	2357μΗ/ΩΙ

Use:

The G005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is designed to supply a sensor, operating in hazardous environment, with an isolated and resistively limited dc supply and also isolate and amplify the sensor output for transmission in the safe area. This module has been designed to meet the requirements of Associate Apparatus for Category 'ia'.

Maintenance:

Access to the circuitry **must not** be made during operation.

This module **cannot** be repaired by the user and **must** be replaced by another suitably certified part. Repairs can only be carried out by the manufacturer or approved repairer.

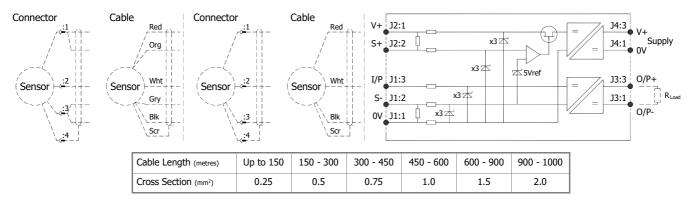
Electrical Connections

The screw terminal connector blocks can be removed to simplify panel wiring or replacement of a damaged module. The connector blocks are key coded to reduce the chance of cross connection and can accommodate conductors with a cross section of 0.2 to 2.5mm² (26-12 AWG).

This module has been designed to drive a sensor, or potentiometer, in either three or five wire mode.

In three wire mode conductor resistance is not compensated, which can result in perceived inaccuracies due to volts drop down the cable. Increasing conductor cross section reduces some of the effects of conductor resistance.

In five wire mode up to 15Ω resistance in each conductor can be compensated for, while providing the sensor with a current of 15mA. This mode is recommended for all applications requiring high degrees of accuracy and / or where the cable length between module and sensor is greater than 10 metres.



To ensure correct operation of both Amplifier and sensor, the following restrictions on conductor cross section and cable length limits are set out in the table above (figures are based on copper conductors);

Output Characteristic

The safe area output changes with respect to the hazardous area input, span and slope dependant on selected option code, see table on page 1.

Incorrect Connection Protection Safe area connections are reverse polarity protected.

